

PETROSYAN, N.A.

Effect of vertical downward currents on the transformation of
the wind field. Dokl. AN Arm. SSR 3' no.4:203-210 '63.

(MIRA 17:8)

1. Institut vodnykh problem AN ArmSSR. Predstavleno akademikom
AN Armyanskoy SSR A.L. Shaginyanom.

SERGEYEVA, N.D., Inzh.; SEMYAKOV, B.A., Inzh.; KRYUKOV, E.I., kand.
tekh. nauk; KRYUKOV, E.I., kand. tekhn. nauk

Contamination factor and use of the convective heating surfaces
of boilers with led shot cleaning, operating on high-sulfur
mazut. Teploenergetika 19 no.10:12-14, 1967 (MOSKOW)

1. Vsesoyuznyy teplo-tekhnicheskyy institut.

1. Y. A. Ye. S.

Water pump ...
... AN ... SSR. ...

... ..

ACCESSION NR: AT4030528

S/0000/63/000/000/0005/0071

AUTHOR: Bugayeva, I. V.; Burkova, M. V.; Dzhordzhio, V. A.; Dzhurayev, A. D.;
Korotkin, A. I.; Ovcharenko, V. P.; Petrosyants, M. A.; Romanov, N. N.; Sana, Z. S.

TITLE: On the upper cloud boundary along Tashkent-Moscow route according to observations from TU-104 passenger aircraft

SOURCE: Nauchnaya konferentsiya po aviatsionnoy meteorologii. Moscow, 1960.
Materialy*. Moscow, Gidrometeoizdat, 1963, 65-71

TOPIC TAGS: TU-104 aircraft, cloud boundary, flight condition, troposphere, stratosphere, jet stream

Given at the Nauchnaya konferentsiya po voprosam aviatsionnoy meteorologii (scientific conference on problems of aviation meteorology) that was held in June and July of 1960 in Moscow at the Glavnoye upravleniye gidrometeorologicheskoy sluzhby* USSR. In this paper the authors present some visual weather observations made from aircraft and the results of their processing. Reports from TU-104 crews along the Tashkent-Moscow route, made during the period of 16 Sep 58 through 31 Dec 59, and airborne observations of a group of Tashkent meteorologists, made in two series of flights

ACCESSION NR: AT4030528

(Oct-Dec 59 and Mar-Apr 60) in TU-104 aircraft along the same route, served as the raw data. Results of these observations are given in graphs. 248 research flights made in the warm half of the year, have shown a principle difference between the frontal stratocumulus clouds and the same clouds in extrafrontal zones, located in the central, western, and northwestern regions of deep seated, well developed cyclones. This difference is shown. Frontal stratocumulus clouds have an upper boundary of 2 to 3 times greater than stratocumulus clouds in central, western and especially northwestern sections of deep seated, well developed cyclones. In these portions of the cyclones the ascending currents are caused by friction convergence which in any stage of the cyclone do not extend high enough and even at levels of from 2 to 4 km alternate with intense descending movements. Orig. art. has 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 18Feb63

DATE ACQ: 17Apr64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: AS

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2

PETROSIAN, Azniv Petrosovna; KRASIL'NIKOV, N.A., prof., red.;
MUSHEGYAN, E., tekhn.red.

[Ecological characteristics of the nodule bacteria in the
Armenian S.S.R.] Ekologicheskie osobennosti kluben'kovykh
bakterii Armianskoi SSR. Pod red. N.A.Krasil'nikova. Erevan,
Izd-vo M-va sel'.khoz.Armianskoi SSR, 1959. 280 p.

(MIRA 13:11)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Krasil'nikov).
(Armenia--Micro-organisms, Nitrogen-fixing)

GUSEV, V.M. [deceased]; GUSEVA, A.A.; PETROSYAN, E.A.; EYGELIS, Yu.K.

Role of birds in the transmission of ticks and fleas based on materials from the Azerbaijan S.S.R. Zool. zhurn. 41 no. 9: 905-912 Je '62. (MIRA 19:7)

1. Research Anti-Plague Institute of the Caucasus and Trans-Caucasia (Stavropol Kavkazsky) and Azerbaijan Anti-Plague Station, Baku.
(Azerbaijan--Ticks) (Azerbaijan--Fleas)
(Birds as carriers of disease)

USSR/Soil Science - Soil Biology.

J

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Biol., No 19, 1958, 86791

Author : Petrosyan, A.P., Navasardyan, A.G.

Inst : AS Armenian SSR

Title : Effect of Development Phase and Age of Leguminous Plants on the Activity of Nodule-forming Bacteria. (First Report)

Orig Pub : Izv. AN ArmSSR, biol. i s.-kh. n., 1956, 9, No 11, 45-50

Abstract : The nodule-forming bacteria isolated from the roots of lucerne in the period of budding and flowering (field experiments in brown irrigated cultured soil with pH 7.6) possessed the greatest activity. In comparison with the control crop, the crop gain amounted to 31 to 55% in all harvests. Strains isolated in the autumn and winter months, and also in the initial phases of plant growth, not only did not raise but diminished the crop by 5 to 35%. The

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SHAKHSUVAROV, T.S.; PETROSYAN, A.T.

Origin of the producing layer in Azerbaijan. Dokl. AN Azerb.
SSR 17 no. 3:219-222 '61. (MEPA 14:5)

1. Azerbaydzhanskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet. Predstavleno
akademikom AN Azerbaydzhanskoy SSR Sh.F. Mekhtiyevym.
(Azerbaijan—Petroleum—Geology)

PETROSYAN, A.V.

Some aspects of the interference-free operation of functions
of algebra of logic. Dokl. AN Arm. 36 no.3:147-151 '63.
(MIRA 16:10)

1. Yerevanskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet. Predstavleno
akademikom AN Armyanskoy SSR S.N. Mergelyanom.

PETROSYAN, A.V.

Logical productivity and efficiency of universal digital computers.
Trudy Vych. tsentra no.1,5,6,1967,1968.

Optimum relationship between the volumes of various types of
operational methods systems. (MIRA) 1968, 11

PETROSYAN, A.V.; MATSAKANYAN, B.S.; BOZUYAN, Sh.Ye.

Some properties of Hemming's code. Dokl. AN Arm. SSR 37 no.1:
3-6 '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Predstavleno akademikom AN Armyanskoy SSh S.N.Mergelyanom.

PETROSYAN, P. A.

Apparatus for manufacture of chloride of lime. K. T. Khachatryan, B. A. Petrosyan, and A. A. Abramyan. U.S.S.R. 104,109 Patent No. 1000. The app. is a cylindrical drum having a stationary internal axis. It rotates on 2 hollow shafts through one of which Cl is fed. At one end of the drum, slaked lime is supplied through a screw conveyor and at the other end, the product is discharged by another screw conveyor. Flexible scrapers mounted on the stationary axis keep the walls clean. M. Hosen

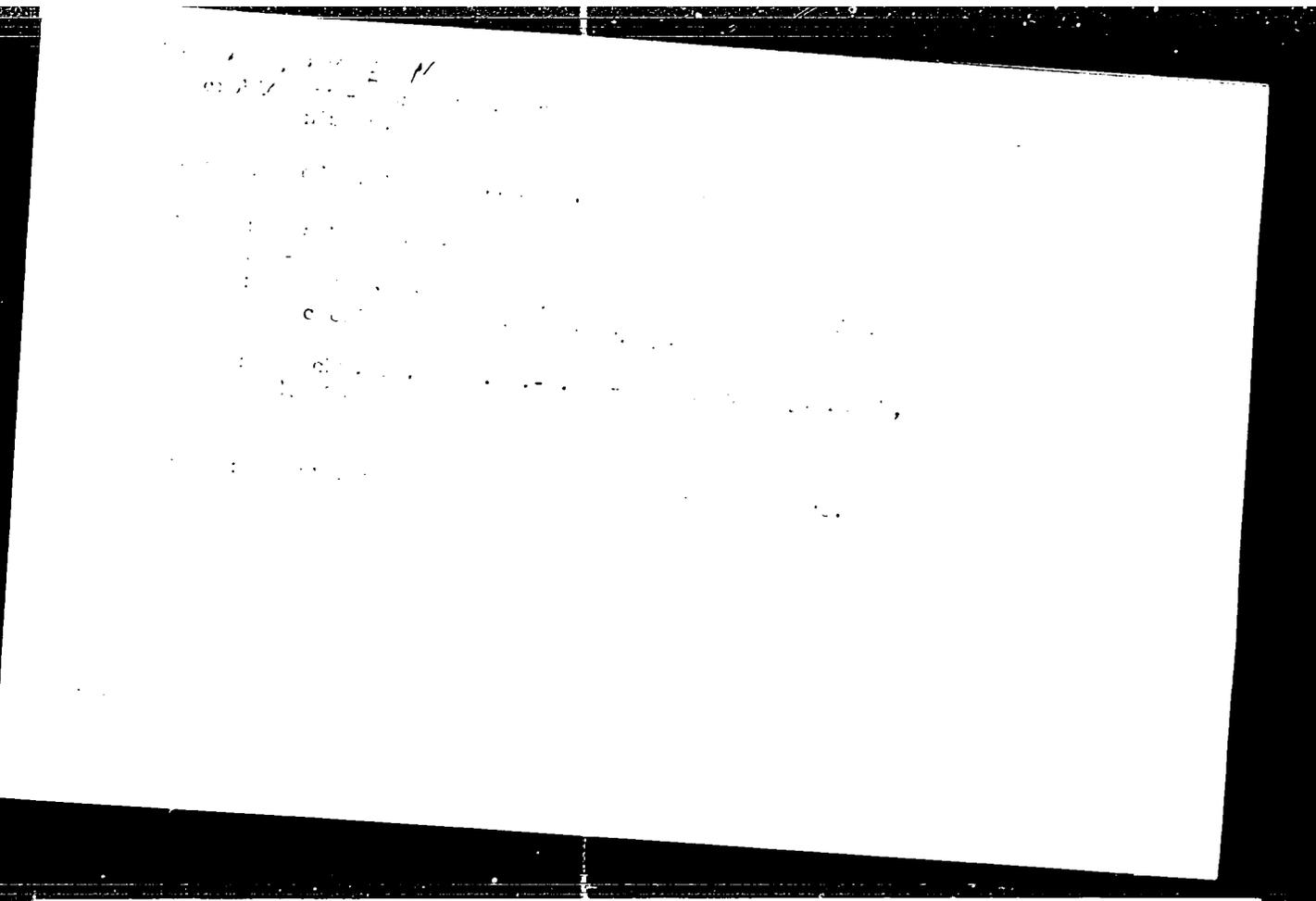
AMTK

PETROSYAN B. A.

Chemical composition and structure of the antigenic
 Max of cholera toxin obtained by different methods.
 Petrovskii, K. D., Merlison, and A. A. Blinov. *Annals
 of the Institute of Virology, Moscow*, 1957, 47: 84 (1956); *Referat. Zhur. Khim., Biol. Khim.*
 1957, Abstr. No. 18490. — The antigenic complex of cholera
 toxin consists of polysaccharides, lipids, and proteins.
 The complex splits easily on alk. hydrolysis and enzymic de-
 gradation, affecting mostly the polysaccharide component
 and destroying the specific properties of this component.
 D. G. Levin

yes
yes

no



PETROSYAN, E.V.

Characteristics of the geology and composition of ores in
an uranium-titanium deposit. Sov.geol. 4 no.11:64-72 K '61.
(MIRA 14:11)

1. Ministerstvo geologii i okhrany nedr SSSR.
(Uranium ores) (Titanium ores)

ACCESSION NR: AP4015293

S/0280/64/000/001/0065/0072

AUTHOR: Petrosyan, A. V. (Yerevan); Mnatsakanyan, B. S. (Yerevan)

TITLE: Automatic check of the functioning of a digital computer

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Tekhnicheskaya kibernetika, no. 1, 1964, 65-72

TOPIC TAGS: computer, digital computer, computer automatic check, computer automatic check theory, residue type computer check

ABSTRACT: General principles are considered of a check device that verifies the functioning of an information-processing device. The probability of detecting a

malfunction is given by $P \approx \frac{n(l-1)}{l(n-1)}$, where n and l are the numbers of states of

the information-processing and check automata, respectively. In computers, any register or unit can be regarded as the above automaton. A study of various automata intended for checking the work of arithmetic-operation units has shown that all such automata are based on residue-type checking. General formulas describing the arithmetic, logical, shift-operation, etc., characteristics of check codes are submitted. Two methods of designing the check unit are mentioned:

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ACCESSION NR: AP4015293

(1) A special adder sums up (or subtracts) all digits of the number according to this formula: $A \equiv \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} (\pm 1)^i a_i \equiv a_{p \mp 1} \pmod{(p \mp 1)}$, and the result is compared with the check code; this method is intended for serial computers. (2) A logical scheme is constructed for comparing two numbers of specified moduli; such schemes are expedient for small moduli (2, 3, 5, 7), but starting from 15 the amount of equipment becomes excessive. The general idea of the automatic check as recommended by the author is this: A standard scheme $\Sigma_{p \pm 1}$ of addition or subtraction with a $p \neq 1$ modulus for two p -ary digits is set up; a first tier of standard Σ -schemes replaces the number being checked by a new number with one-half as many digits; the technique is repeated until a one-digit p -ary number is obtained which should coincide with the check number. Orig. art. has: 33 formulas and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 08Dec62

DATE ACQ: 12Mar64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: CP

NO REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 001

Card 2/2

... .. Kline,

... ..

S/126/63/015/003/002/025
E021/E135

AUTHORS: Permyakov, V.G., Belotskiy, A.V., and Petrosyan, F.G.

TITLE: High-temperature X-ray diffraction study of the intermediate transformation of austenite in carbon steels

PERIODICAL: Fizika metallov i metallovedeniye, v.15, no.3, 1963, 334-338

TEXT: The X-ray investigations of the intermediate transformation of austenite which have been reported in the literature were carried out on steels with alloying elements stabilizing austenite. The technique used in the present investigation gives rapid supercooling of austenite in the X-ray camera and allows the isothermal transformation to be studied directly at the transformation temperatures. Because of this, carbon and low-alloy steels can be used. The present work shows that in the type $\gamma 7A$ (U7A) and $\gamma 12A$ (U12A) steels studied, enrichment of austenite with carbon proceeds at all temperatures in the intermediate range because of diffusion, the extent and rate of enrichment increasing with decreasing carbon content in
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High-temperature X-ray diffraction ... S/126/63/015/003/002/025
E021/E135

the initial austenite. The lattice spacing in type U7A steel at high intermediate-transformation temperatures increases more than in type U12A. The observed small increase in the spacing for steel U12A at comparatively high intermediate-transformation temperatures is apparently due to the more intensive precipitation of carbide phase through the increase in carbon content and acceleration of its diffusional redistributions. During transformation concentration inhomogeneity increases; this effect is also being observed in the incubation period. There are 6 figures and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Kiyevskiy politekhnicheskii institut
(Kiev Polytechnical Institute)

SUBMITTED: June 5, 1962

Card 2/2

PERMYAKOV, V.G.; BELOTSKIY, A.V.; PETROSYAN, F.G.

High temperature X-ray study of intermediate transformations
of austenite in carbon steel. Fiz.met.1 metalloved. 15 no.3;
334-338 Mr '63. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Kiyevskiy politekhnichesk'iy institut.
(Steel--Metallography)

Abstract

BELOTSKIY, A.V. (Kiyev); PERMYAKOV, V.G. (Kiyev); PETROSYAN, F.G. (Kiyev)

High-temperature X-ray examination of the intermediate
transformation of austenite in an iron-nickel-carbon alloy.

Izv. AN SSSR. Met. i gor. delo no.5:126-128 S-O '63.

(MIRA 16:11)

PETROSYAN, F. G.

USSR.

Application of new preparations against phylloxera.
F. G. Petrosyan. *Vinodelic i Vinogradarstvo S.S.S.R.* 12,
No. 8, 29-41 (1952). Dichloroethane (I), hexachloro-
ethane, BHC, and dichlorides (II) (wastes from the indus-
trial production of synthetic rubber) were used in several
expts. in vineyards against phylloxera. Only I and II were
found to be highly effective. The best time to use the
insecticides is autumn; I can be also effectively used in
spring, and II in summer. In each case 100 g./sq. m. of
either I or II, added to the soil, 10-15 cm. deep, killed 90-
100% of the insects. Even at the relatively low temps. of
11-12.7° the insecticides had fumigant action against
phylloxera. E. Wierbicki

PETROSYAN, F.G.; MARUTYAN, S.N.

Damage done by the grape leaf-roller to the basic grape varieties
of the Armenian S.S.R. Izv.AN Arm.SSR.Biol.i sel'khoz.nauki. 2 no.5:
455-459 '49. (MLBA 9:8)

1. Institut vinogradarstva i vinodeliya Akademii nauk Armyanskoy
SSR.

(ARMENIA--GRAPES--DISEASES AND PESTS)

PETROS YAN, F G

USSR/General and Special Zoology. Insects. Injurious Insects and Ticks. Pests of Fruit and Berry Crops

Abs Jour : Rol Zhur - 31 1., No 11, 1958, No 4607

Author : Petrosyan F.G., Karapetyan G.I.

Inst : -

Title : New Preparations Against the Grape Spider mite

Orig Pub : Vinodeliya i vinogradarstvo SSSR, 1957, No 2, 44-46

Abstract : In 1954-1956, in the control of sulfur and phosphorus insecticides spraying with Tyrophos (0.05%) at 1-day intervals three-four times showed high effectiveness. In 1956, Venpatek and beta-thyl (0.05%) were also effective. In 1956, under field conditions 97% of the mites perished after the spraying with beta-thyl (0.05%) and 91-96% perished after the spraying. When the first leaves appeared (at

Card : 1/2

PETROSYAN, F. G.

Phylloxera

Testing new preparations for controlling phylloxera. Vin. SSSR 12 no. 1, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, December 1952. Unclassified.

PETROSYAN, F. G.

Insecticides

Testing new preparations for controlling phylloxera. *Vin. SSSR* 12, n . 8, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, December 1952, Unclassified.

2

PETROSYAN, F. G.

A survey of grapevine pests in the southeastern and northeastern districts of the Armenian S.S.R. Izv. AN Arm. SSR. Biol. i sel'khoz. nauki 6 no. 9:89-96 '53. (MLBA 9:8)

1. Institut vinodeliya i vinogradarstva Ministerstva pishchevoy promyshlennosti Armyanskoy SSR.
(Armenia--Grapes--Diseases and pests)

PETROSYAN, F.G.; MARUTYAN, S.N.

Ecology of the grapevine spider mite (*Schizotetranychus* (*Tetranychus*) *viticola*) in the northeastern regions of Armenia. *Izv.AN Arm.SSR.Biol.i sel'khoz.nauki.* 5 no.9:61-67 '52. (MLRA 9:8)

1. Institut vinodeliya i vinogradarstva Ministerstva pishchevoy promyshlennosti Armyanskoy SSR.
(Armenia--Red spider) (Grapes--Diseases and pests)

L 24765-66 EWT(1)/EWT(m)/EWA(d)/T/EWP(t) IJP(c) JD/LHB
ACC NR: AP6015529 SOURCE CODE: UR/0370/65/000/001/0104/0107

AUTHOR: Belotskiy, A. V. (Kiev); Permyakov, V. G. (Kiev); Petrosyan, F. G. (Kiev);
Pat'kov, V. V. (Kiev)

ORG: none

TITLE: Martensitic character of the intermediate transformation of austenite

SOURCE: AN SSSR. ¹⁸ Izvestiya. Metally, no. 1, 1965, 104-107 ¹⁸

TOPIC TAGS: austenite, x ray diffraction, austenite transformation, isothermal trans-
formation, steel/40N5 steel, 37KhN3A steel

ABSTRACT: This paper is a continuation of the author's investigation of
the mechanisms and kinetics of the decomposition of supercooled austenite
using rapid high-temperature x-ray diffraction. Below are set forth new
experimental data on the state of the initial and formed phases which con-
firm the martensitic character of the intermediate transformation of super-
cooled austenite.

Used in the investigation were steel ¹⁸40N5 (synthetic steel based on Armco
iron) containing 0.41% C and 5.09% Ni, and steel 37KhN3A (0.38% C, 3.09%
Ni, 1.35% Cr, 0.19% Si, 0.31% Mn). Austenization of the specimens was done
by heating at an average rate of about 200 deg/sec up to 1000-1050°C (for

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UDC: 669.017.3: 621.78 ²

L 24765-66

ACC NR: AP6015529

steel 40N5) and 1100°C (for steel 37KhN3A) which provided the complete dissolving of the carbide phase in the austenite. The supercooled specimens was x-rayed at different periods of the isothermal transformation.

The initial transformation period at 300 and 340°C is characterized by the practically unchanged lattice period of the gamma-phase. Then the line widths of the gamma- and alpha-phases are changed insignificantly. Apparently, in this period the effects of carbon-enrichment of the austenite and the carbon precipitation from austenite (carbide phase formation) overlap and the lattice period of the untransformed part of the austenite is unchanged. An increase in the holding time for all transformation temperatures investigated causes a sharp reduction in the lattice period of the austenite and a reduction of the line widths of the transformation product of the austenite-alpha-phase.

These experimental data clearly characterize the successive stages of the development of the intermediate transformation of austenite. Thus, for example, the increased line widths of the gamma-phase in relation to the isothermal holding time is associated with the increased concentration inhomogeneity caused by diffusive carbon redistribution. This decomposition stage is characterized by the intense carbide formation because of the depletion of carbon-enriched portions of the austenite, as a result of which the lattice period of the austenite is reduced very sharply.

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Very interesting data were obtained in the analysis of the width of the interference lines (211) of the alpha-phase. The transformed alpha-phase is characterized by different values of line widths in the initial and final stages of the process which occurs under isothermal conditions. The line widths differ substantially also in the case where the alpha-phase formation occurs at another, either higher or lower, temperature.

The line width value for annealed alpha-phase of steel 40N5 was determined in the intermediate temperature region. It was equal to 1.9 nm. The regularities of the intermediate austenite transformation in steel 37KhN3A were studied at 300, 340, 380, 420 and 460°C. At 300, 340, and 380°C austenite decomposition generally proceeds according to those same regularities as in steel 40N5. With an increase in the isothermal holding temperature from 420 to 480°C, homogeneous austenite gradually becomes inhomogeneous. The data on the sharp increase of the lattice period of carbon-enriched austenite, to a known degree, aid in understanding and explaining the causes for the increased stability of supercooled austenite in the upper part of the intermediate region. The line width of the alpha-phase emerging during austenite decomposition in steel 37KhN3A considerably exceeds the line width of the alpha-phase of annealed steel. If the line width, measured on annealed specimens in the temperature range of the intermediate transformation amounted to 2.0 nm, then the line width of the alpha-phase, emerging under the isothermal decomposition of austenite at 300°C at the beginning of the holding was 4.1 nm and at the finish, i.e., after 30 minutes, was 3.3

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ACC NR: AP6015529

mm. At 420°C, the initial line width is equal to 3.2 mm, but after a one-hour hold is reduced to 2.7 mm.

Thus, the experimental data, obtained directly by rapid high-temperature x-ray diffraction at transformation temperatures, bear out the fact that the intermediate austenite transformation occurs according to a martensitic mechanism. Orig. art. has: 4 figures. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 11, 20 / SUBM DATE: 16Dec63 / ORIG REF: 002

Card 4/4 ULP

PETROSYAN, G.

Provide the nonmetallic minerals industry with industrial
automotive transportation. Prom.Arm. 5 no.4:21-22 Apr '62.

(MIRA 15:5)

1. Upravleniye promyshlennosti stroitel'nykh materialov
Soveta narodnogo khozyaystva Armyanskoy SSR.
(Armenia--Mineral industries--Transportation)

PETROSYAN, G. I.

Arifmetika V. Voprasy Po Voprasy Filozofiya. Izv. Arm. Fil. An. (1935).

Uchebnik Arifmetiki Ananiya Shiratsi I Yego Znacheniya Dlya Istorii Arifmetiki
Izv. Arm. Fil. An. (1935).

Armyanskiy Drevniy Perovod Yevk Iza I Yego Znacheniya Dlya Istorii Istoriya.
Izv. Arm. Fil. An. (1936).

Plozhitel'n ye Chisla Ova Lisa Sarkavan. Izv. Arm. Fil. An. (1937).

So: mathematics in the USSR, 1917-1947
edited by Kurosh, A. I.,
Barkashevich, A. I.,
Kashevskiy, F. I.
Moscow-Leningrad, 1947.

PETROSYAN, G., sekretar'.

Party leadership is a guaranty of success . Voen.znan. 29 no.9:6 S '53.
(MLR 5:12)

1. Kirovskiy rayonnyy komitet Kommunisticheskoy Partii armenii goroda
Yerevana. (Erevan--Military education) (Military education--Erevan)

Call Nr: AF 1108825

Transactions of the Third All-union Mathematical Congress (Cont.) Moscow,
Jun-Jul '56, Trudy '56. V. 1, Sect. Rpts., Izdatel'stv. AN SSSR, Moscow, 1956, 207 pp.
Petrosyan, G. B. (Yerevan). The Mathematical Works of
Nikolay Artavazd. 232-233

Mention is made of Shirokatsi, Anania and Artavazd, Levon.

Rayk, A. Ye. (Saransk). Recent Reconstructions of Certain
Problems From Ancient Egyptian and Babylonian Texts. 233-234

Rozenfel'd, B. A. (Moscow). The History of Lobachevskiy's
Geometry Interpretations. 234

Mention is made of Kotel'nikov.

Rossinskiy, S. D. (Moscow). K. M. Peterson, Creator of
the Moscow School of Differential Geometry.

There are 2 references, both of them USSR. 234-235

Rybkin, G. F. (Moscow). New Biographical Materials on
N. I. Lobachevskiy. 235
Card 79/80

PETROSYAN, G.B.; ROZENFEL'D, B.A.

Aganis' proof of the fifth postulate of Euclid. Izv. AN Arm. SSR.
Ser. fiz.-mat. nauk 13 no.1:153-164 '60. (MIRA 13:8)

1. Komissiya po istorii yestestvoznaniya i tekhniki AN Armyanskoy
SSR i l Kolomenskiy pedagogicheskiy institut.
(Parallels (Geometry))
(Abu'f Abbas Al-Fadhl Ibn Hatim al-Marizi)

PETROSYAN, G.B.

Life and work of Janos Bolyai (on the centennial of his death).
Izv. AN Arm. SSR. Ser. fiz.-mat. nauk 13 no. 4:69-78 '60.

(MIRA 13:9)

(Bolyai, Janos, 1802-1860)

PETROCIAN, D.B.

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... .. Soviet 12 15

PETROSYAN, G.B.; AND AAMCHIAN, A.G.

[Euclidean geometry] Geometriya Evklida. Tazut' i izmeneniya
tovlil' k pecha i t. [Introduction] A.A. Abramian. Erevan,
Izd-vo Ak. Arm. SSR, 1967. 288 p. (MLA 16:12)

1. Akademiya nauk Armjanskoj SSR, Erivan. Institut matematiki
yestestvoznaniya i tekhniki. (Geometry)

PETROSYAN, G. B.

Provide for cathodic protection in plans for underground gas pipelines. Stroil. truboprov. 8 no.4:36 Ap '63.
(MIRA 16:4)

1. Gazotekhnicheskiy inspektor Glavnoy gorno-tehnicheskoy inspektsii Armyanskoy SSR, Yerevan.

(Gas, Natural--Pipelines)

AVAKYAN, N.; PETROSYAN, G.

Organization of mass production of articles made of basalt rock.
Prom.Arm. 5 no.3:27 Mr '62. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kamnya i silikatov (for
Avakyan). 2. Upravleniye promstroymaterialov Sovnarkhoza
Armyanskoy SSR (for Petrosyan).
(Armenia--Basalt) (Building materials)

PETROSYAN, G.B.

Organization of electric equipment repair operations. From. energ.
15 no.11:56 H '60. (MIRA 11:19)

1. Zangezurskoye rudoupravleniye.
(Electric apparatus and appliances--Maintenance and repair)

PETROSYAN, G.G.

Methods for measuring losses in precision-type matching transformers.
Trudy inst. Kom. stand., ser 1 izm. prib. no.65:68-76 '62.

(MiRA 16:5)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut fiziko-tehnicheskikh
i radiotekhnicheskikh izmereniy.

(Electric transformers) (Microwave measurements)

S/194/61/000/009/048/053
D271/D302

AUTHOR: Petrosyan, G.G.
TITLE: Co-axial duplexer for the frequency range of 1000 - 3000 mc/s
PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Avtomatika i radioelektronika, no. 9, 1961, 63, abstract 9 I367 (Tr. in-tov Kom-ta standartov, mer i izmerit. priborov pri Sov. Min. SSSR, 1960, no. 48 (108), 93-95)

TEXT: The construction of a co-axial duplexer for the frequency range of 1 - 4 Gc/s is described. In the entire frequency range the VSWR of the duplexer is ≤ 1.2 . At higher frequencies the VSWR sharply rises. Main technical characteristics are: Repeatability after multiple switching no worse than 0.02 db; screening between channels ≥ 20 db; insertion losses ≤ 0.2 db and they are equal for both channels with an accuracy of ± 0.05 db. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

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PETROSYAN, G.G.

Coaxial switch for a frequency band of 1,000 to 3,000 mc. Trudy
inst. Kom. stand., mer i izm. prib. no.48:93-95 '60.

(MIRA 14:6)

(Microwaves--Equipment and supplies)
(Microwave measurements)

PETROSYAN, G.P.

Significance of alfalfa in the utilization of saline soils.
Izv. AN /-m. SSR. Biol. i sel'khoz. nauki 9 no.12:22-89 D '56.
(MLRA 10:2)

1. Argyanskii sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut.
(Oktembryan District--Solonchak soils)
(Alfalfa)

USSR / Cultivated Plants. Fruits, Berries, Nutbearing, E-6
Teas.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 2, 1959, No. 6390

Author : Petrosyan, G. P.

Inst : Acad. of Science Arm SSR

Titl. : The Growth of Roots of Some Fruits on Salty
Soils

Orig Pub : Izv. AN ArmSSR, Biol. 1 s.-kh. n., 1957, 10,
No 11, 79-91

Abstract : Experiments on the study of salt resistance in
the Araxes valley region were carried out on
plots which had sodium sulfate-carbonate-
chloride salting. Ground water was lightly
salted (224 g/l), the surface of the water was
at a depth of 2.0 - 2.25 m in the winter, and 1.3
- 1.4 m in summer. The planting was effected

Card 1/2

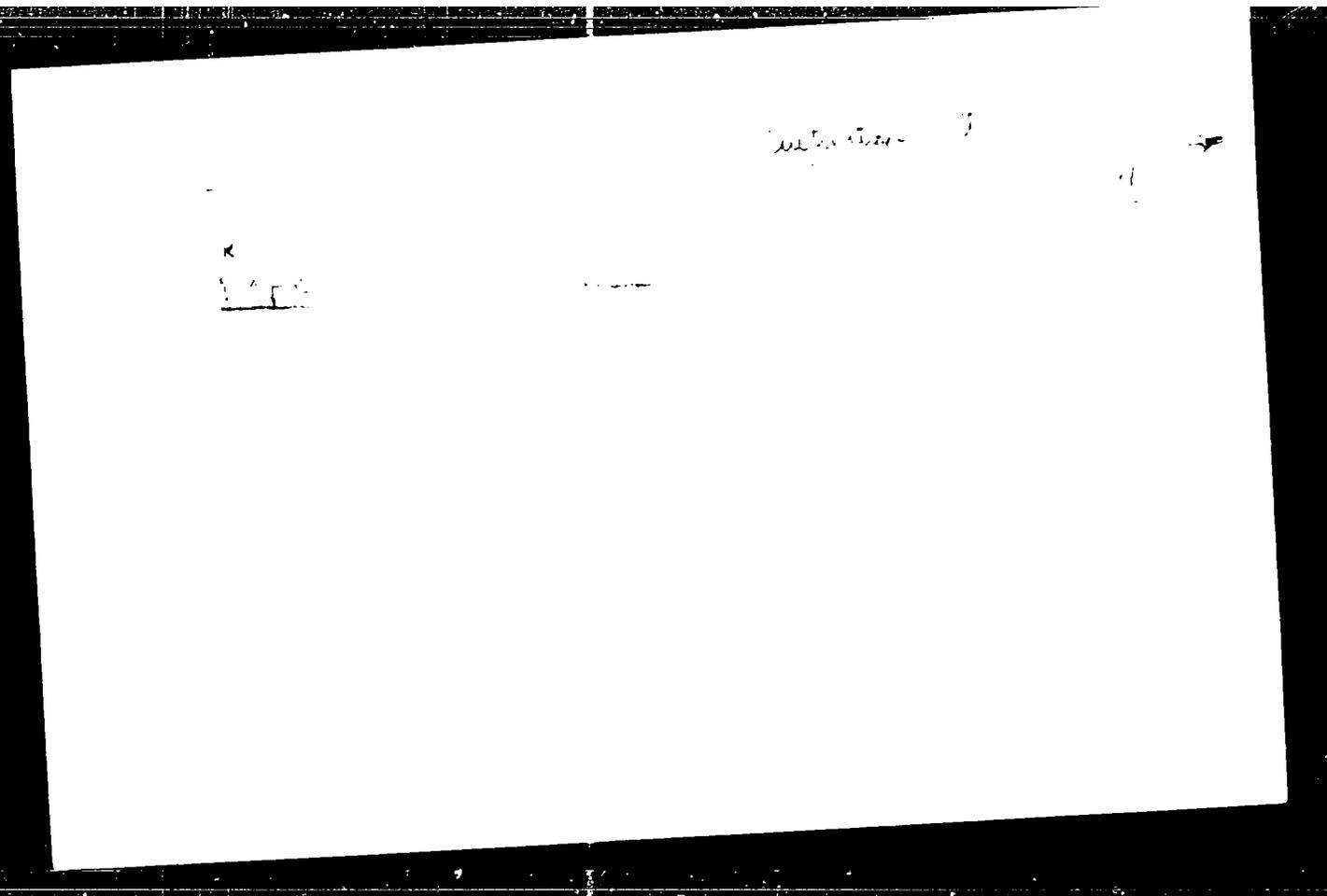
USSR / Cultivated Plants. Fruits, Berries, Nutbearing, X-6
Teas.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 2, 1959, No. 6390

In pits of 60 x 60 cm filled with soil which was free of salt. Most of grafted sets of apple trees perished when the soil contained 0.25% - 0.357% of easily soluble salts; the seedlings were more resistant. Pear trees grew better under these conditions. Quince grew well on soil containing 0.675 - 0.725% of the salts. The roots of quince penetrated deeper than the bottom of the pit. Pomegranate is also adequately resistant but oleaster is the most salt resistant plant. -- I. K. Fortunatov

Card 2/2

122



PETROSYAN, G.P., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; OVANESYAN, V.O.,
mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; MIRZOYAN, A.A., mladshiy nauchnyy
sotrudnik; MANUSADZHIAN, V.G., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Radioactivity of the surface layer of soils in some regions
of the Armenian S.S.R. Vop. radiobiol. [AN Arm. SSR] 1:25-27
'60. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Iz Sektora radiobiologii AN Armyanskoy SSR i Instituta
pochvovedeniya i agrokhimii Ministerstva sel'skogo khozyay-
stva Armyanskoy SSR.

(ARMENIA--SOILS)
(RADIOACTIVE SUBSTANCES)

PETROSYAN, G.P.; SAAKYAN, R.G.

Effect of soil salinization on carbohydrate metabolism in grape berries. Izv. AN Arm. SSR. Biol. nauki 14 no.9:31-38 1961. (MIR 14:9)

1. Institut pochvovedeniya a agrokhimii Ministerstva sel'skogo khozyaystva Armyanskoy SSR.

(ARAS LOWLAND--VITICULTURE)
(PLANTS, EFFECT OF SALTS ON) (SUGARS)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001240410004-5

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001240410004-5"

07/11 - 1111 111

AUTHOR: ~~Petrovyan~~ ~~et al.~~, ~~engineer~~

TITLE: Induction heating of bearings (Induktsionnyy nagrev podshpnikov)

PERIODICAL: Vestnik Elektromyshlennosti 19 5, 51 5, pp 69-71 1971

30-

ABSTRACT: Anti-friction bearings are heated so that they may be shrunk on to the shafts. The heating must be uniform and the temperature accurate. Oil baths that are commonly used to heat the bearings have a number of defects and induction heating is to be preferred. When induction heating is used the main difficulty is to ensure uniform heating of the bearings. A simple type of induction heater is illustrated in fig. 1 but this did not give uniform heating of the bearings for reasons that are explained. A new type induction heater that does give uniform heating is illustrated in fig. 2. Temperature time curves for the bearings using the new induction heater are given in fig. 3. The formulae required for designing the inductor are then given. It is important that the bearing should not get too hot and a thermostat based temperature control device is used for this purpose.

and 1/2

Induction Heating of Bearings

A schematic diagram of the control circuit for the induction heater is given in figure and is briefly explained. There are 4 figures.

Submitted: 20th September 1964

Card c/c

EVERETT, R.

... ..
... ..
... ..

PETROSYAN, G.S.

[Static calculation of frameworks] [Sticheskiĭ raschet
ramnykh konstruktsii]. Erevan, Arm.gos.izd-vo, 1964.
259 p. [In Armenian] (MIRA 18:7)

SOV 124 58 1 1149

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal: Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 1, p 177 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Petrosyan, G. S

TITLE: On the Results of Some Experiments With Soft Natural rubber Vulcanizate. Nominal and Actual Time Dependence of the Strength of Soft Natural rubber Vulcanizate as a Function of the Strain Rate and the Temperature (O rezul'tatakh nekotorykh eksperimentov nad myagkim vulkanizatom natural'nogo kauchuka. Usloivnyye i deystvitel'nyye vremennyye soprotivleniya myagkogo vulkanizata natural'nogo kauchuka v zavisimosti ot skorosti deformatsii i temperatury)

PERIODICAL: Sb. nauchn. tr. Yerevansk. politekh. in-ta, 1957, Nr 14, pp 43-46

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry

Card 1 1

SOV 124 58 : 1448

Translation from: Referativnyi zhurnal: Mekhanika, 1958, No. 1, p. 177, USSR

AUTHOR: Petrosyan, G. S.

TITLE: On the Repeated Loading-unloading of Soft Vulcanizate Specimens of Natural Rubber. (O ponovnoy nagruzke razgruzke obraztsov nizkogo vulkanizata natural'nogo kauchuka)

PERIODICAL: Sb. nauchn. tr. Yerevansk. politekhn. inst., 1957, No. 14, pp. 47-51.

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry.

Card 1 of 1

PROTS, A.I., inzh.; VOYEVODIN, G.V., inzh.; BYKOVNYY, Ya.I., inzh.;
MAVRITSYN, A.M., inzh.; PETROSYAN, G.T., inzh.; SHCHEKOLKIN, V.I.

Performance of the transformer neutral lines in strip mines.
Prom. energ. 18 no.5:32-37 My '63. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Yurkovskiy ugol'nyy razrez, g. Vatutino (for Prots).
 2. Trest po sbytu energoproduktsii Upravleniya energeticheskoy promyshlennosti sove ta narodnogo khozyaystva Permskogo ekonomicheskogo administrativnogo rayona (for Voyevodin).
 3. Upravleniye nerudnykh iskopayemykh Ministerstva avtomobil'nogo transporta i shosseynykh dorog Ukr-SSR (for Bykovnyy).
 4. Kor-
kinskiy trest ugol'nykh predpriyatiy (for Mavritysyn).
 5. Gos-
gortekhnspetsiya Armyanskoy SSR (for Petrosyan).
 6. Zhigu-
levskiy kombinat stroymaterialov (for Shechekolkin).
- (Strip mining—Electric equipment)
(Electric power distribution)

PETROSYAN, K A

1/5

102

1941

PETROSYAN, K A

Die sowjetische Methode der Industrialisierung. (Sowjetische ... 1943.
237 p. TABLES.

Translation from the Russian: Sovetskij method industrializatsii. Moskva, 1941.

PETROSYAN, Kim Avetisovich; RABINOVICH, M., red.; KLIMOVA, T., tekhn.red.

[Ways for a better use of the production funds of socialist enterprises] Puti luchshego ispol'zovaniia proizvodstvennykh fondov predpriatii. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo polit.lit-ry, 1960. 29 p. (Dlia slushatelei nachal'nykh ekonomicheskikh shkol i kruzhek na promyshlennykh predpriatiiskh, no.3)

(Industrial management)

(MIRA 14:1)

PETROSYAN, K.A., kand. ekon. nauk, red.; KALMYK, V.A., red.; YEFANOVA,
L.A., red.; PONOMAREVA, A.A., tekhn. red.

[Utilizing capital assets in U.S.S.R. industries] Ispol'zovanie
osnovnykh proizvodstvennykh fondov v promyshlennosti SSSR. Pod
red. K.A.Petrosiana. Moskva, Izd-vo ekon. lit-ry, 1962. 210 p.
(MIRA 15:3)

1. Moscow. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy ekonomicheskii institut.
(Capital)

1. The first part of the document is a list of names and titles of the members of the committee.

2. The second part of the document is a list of the names and titles of the members of the committee who were present at the meeting.

3. The third part of the document is a list of the names and titles of the members of the committee who were absent from the meeting.

PETROSYAN, Kh.A.

[Congenital dislocation of the hip] Vrozhdenyy vyvikh bedra.
Erevan, 1957: 294 p. (MIRA 14:7)
(HIP JOINT--DISLOCATION)

PETROSYAN, K. G., Cand. of Agric. Sci. -- (diss.) "Results of Interbreeding Karabakhskiy Sheep with Rams of the Prekos and Sovetskiy Series in the Kolkhoz 'Avangard' Yoniskiy Rayon, Armenian SSR," Yerevan, 1961, 100 p., (Institute of Zooveterinary Institute, Chair of Small Animals) (AL, 3-59, 123)

PETROSYAN, V.

Specific factors influencing industrial progress in underdeveloped areas.

Report submitted to the Conf. on the Application of Science and Technology
for the Benefit of the Less Developed Areas.
Geneva, Switzerland 4-20 February 1963

PETROSYAN, K.P.

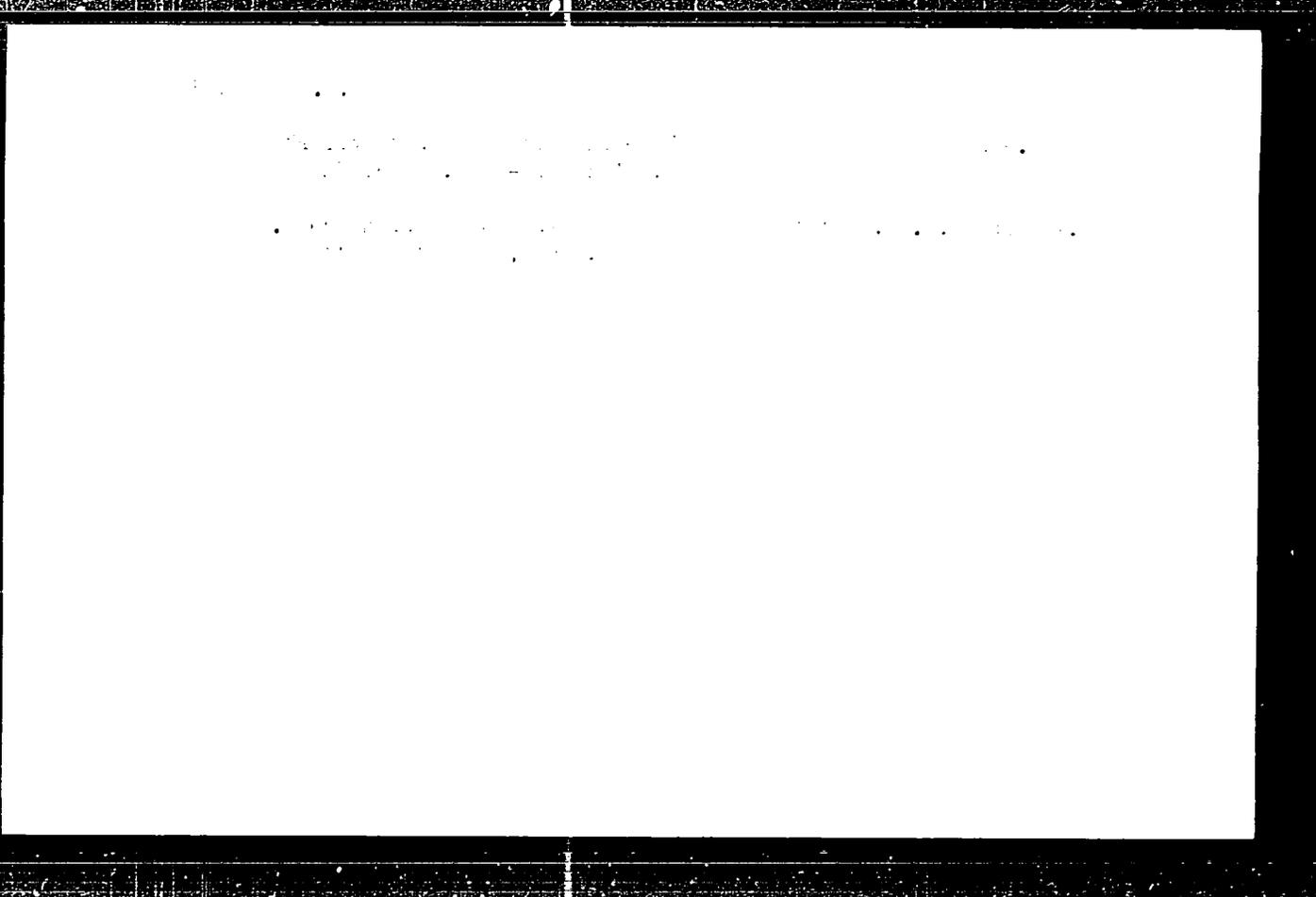
Sliding and leveling machinery. Biul.tekh.-ekon.inform. no.5:35-36
'58. (MIRA 11:7)

(Earthmoving machinery)

PETROSYAN, L.A.

Game of pursuit on a half-plane. Dokl. AN Arm. SSR 10: 165, 1965. (MIRA 1965)

1. Leningradskiy ordena Lenina gosudarstvennyy universitet.
Dr. A.A. Chdanova. Admitted Member, 1965.



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001240410004-5"

L 49283-65 EWT(d) IJP(c)

ACCESSION NR: AP5010153

UB/0020/65/161/002/0285/0287

AUTHOR: Petrosyan, Z. A.TITLE: Differential games in survival with many participants

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 161, no. 2, 1965, 285-287

TOPIC TAGS: game theory, convex set, equilibrium condition, survival

ABSTRACT: Some game theoretical problems occurring in models with certain convex sets S containing several elements along with pursuers $P = (P_1, P_2, \dots, P_n)$ and pursued E_1, E_2, \dots, E_n are treated. The game $\Gamma(n,1)$ is an antagonistic game of two players along with the pursuers P and the pursued E . The following theorems are proved in this paper:- (1) The game $\Gamma(n,1)$ has an equilibrium situation in pure strategy. The optimum strategy with P consists of pursuing each E from P_1 along Γ_1 -strategy. (2) Let there exist in $\Gamma(n,1)$ circles B , belonging to S , of radius a such that (i) $\xi^1, \xi^2, \dots, \xi^n \in B$ initially, (ii) $\eta \in B$ initially, (iii) the radially projected points corresponding to the positions of the pursuers are initially in the circle B . Let these projections be designated by

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ACCESSION NR: AP5010153

$\xi_B^1, \xi_B^2, \dots, \xi_B^n$. Then the distance between two neighboring projections will be less than $\sqrt{3}$. Similar theorems are proved for games Γ^1 which differ from Γ only in the winning function. Orig. art. has 4 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 05Oct64

ENCL: CO

SUB CODE: MA

NO REF BOV: OOL

OTHER: OOL

306
Card 2/2

PETROSYAN, L.G.

Separation and evaluation of reservoirs in carbonate cross sections
from data from geophysical studies of wells. Geofiz. razved.
no.9:90-102 '62. (MIRA 15:9)

(Oil well logging)

PETROSYAN, L.G.; KOZINA, Z.I.; GUZANOVA, I.G.; NICHIPORUK, V.A.

Methodology of determining the permeability of oil-bearing formations from electric logging data. Prikl. geofiz. no.33:169-175 '62. (MIRA 15:10)

(Oil well logging, Electric)
(Oil sands—Permeability)

ACCESSION NR: AP4014558

S/0173/63/016/006/0027/0033

AUTHOR: Petrosyan, L.G.

TITLE: Approximate solution of the problem of the laminar boundary layer in a plate located in the wake

SOURCE: AN ArmSSR. Izv. Ser. tekhn. nauk, v. 16, no. 6, 1963, 27-33

TOPIC TAGS: hydromechanics, turbulent flow, friction coefficient, fluid friction coefficient, hydraulics

ABSTRACT: The author considers a planeparallel turbulent flow around a plate. The boundary layer is determined by the loci in which the velocity of the fluid becomes equal to the local velocity in the unperturbed wake. It is assumed, in the first approximations, that the velocity distribution in the wake behind the (obstructing) body does not change outside the boundary layer. In the equations for the moments in the boundary layer at the plate, the velocity distribution is given by a polynomial, the coefficients

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4014558

of which are determined from the boundary conditions. The analysis of the equations shows that the friction coefficient of the plate placed in a planeparallel turbulent wake is somewhat smaller than is the main unbounded flow. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 27 equations.

ASSOCIATION: Yerevanskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet (Erevan State University)

SUBMITTED: 05Jun62

DATE ACQ: 04Feb64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: PH

NO REF SOV: 001

OTHER: 001

Card 2/2

PETROSYAN, L.G.; BAYRAMOVA, R.G.

Micro Laterlog modeling. Razved. i prom. geofiz. no. 12:
77-81 '61. (MIRA 16:11)

PIROSYAN, L.G.

Cavitation crisis of the discharge. Izv.AN Arm.SSR.Ser.tekh.nauk
15 no.5:43-50 62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Yerevanskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Cavitation)

PETROSYAN, L.G.

Moment of hydrodynamic pressure on the spillway dam. Izv. AN
Arm.SSR.Ser.tekh.nauk 15 no.3:27-32 '62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Yerevanskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Dams) (Hydrodynamics)

FETROSYAN, I. I., kand. tekhn. nauk

Hydrodynamic pressure on a ship's hull during a turn
35-37 da 1972 (MIRA 1972)
(Hydrodynamics) (Dams)

KOMAROV, S.G.; PETROSYAN, L.G.; PER'KOV, N.A.; FEL'DMAN, I.I.;
DUNCHENKO, I.A.; KORZHEV, A.A.; SOKHRANOV, N.N.;
CHUKIN, V.T.; BASIN, Ya.N.; KARGOV, F.A.; MUKHER, A.A.;
FEDOROVA, L.N., red.; BYKOVA, V.V., tekhn. red.

[Technical instructions on conducting geophysical explorations in boreholes] Tekhnicheskaya instruktsiya po provedeniyu geofizicheskikh issledovaniy v skvazhinakh. Moskva, Gosgeoltekhizdat, 1963. 297 p. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Russia (19.3- U.S.S.R.) Gosudarstvennyy geologicheskiy komitet. No. 2. Kollektiv rabotnikov sektora promyslovoy geofiziki Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-i sledovatel'skogo instituta geofizicheskikh metodov razvedki (for Komarov, Petrosyan, Per'kov, Fel'dman, Dunchenko, Korzhev, Sokhranov, Chukin, Basin). 3. So-trudniki Otdela geofiziki Gosudarstvennogo geologicheskogo komiteta SSSR (for Kargov). 4. Glavnoye upravleniye geologii i okhrany nedr pri Sovete Ministrov RSFSR (for Mukher).

PETROSYAN, L.G.

Solution of the boundary layer equation. Izv. Akad. Nauk. Ser. Fiz.-
mat. nauk 16 n. 5:91-98 '63. (MIRA 16:11)

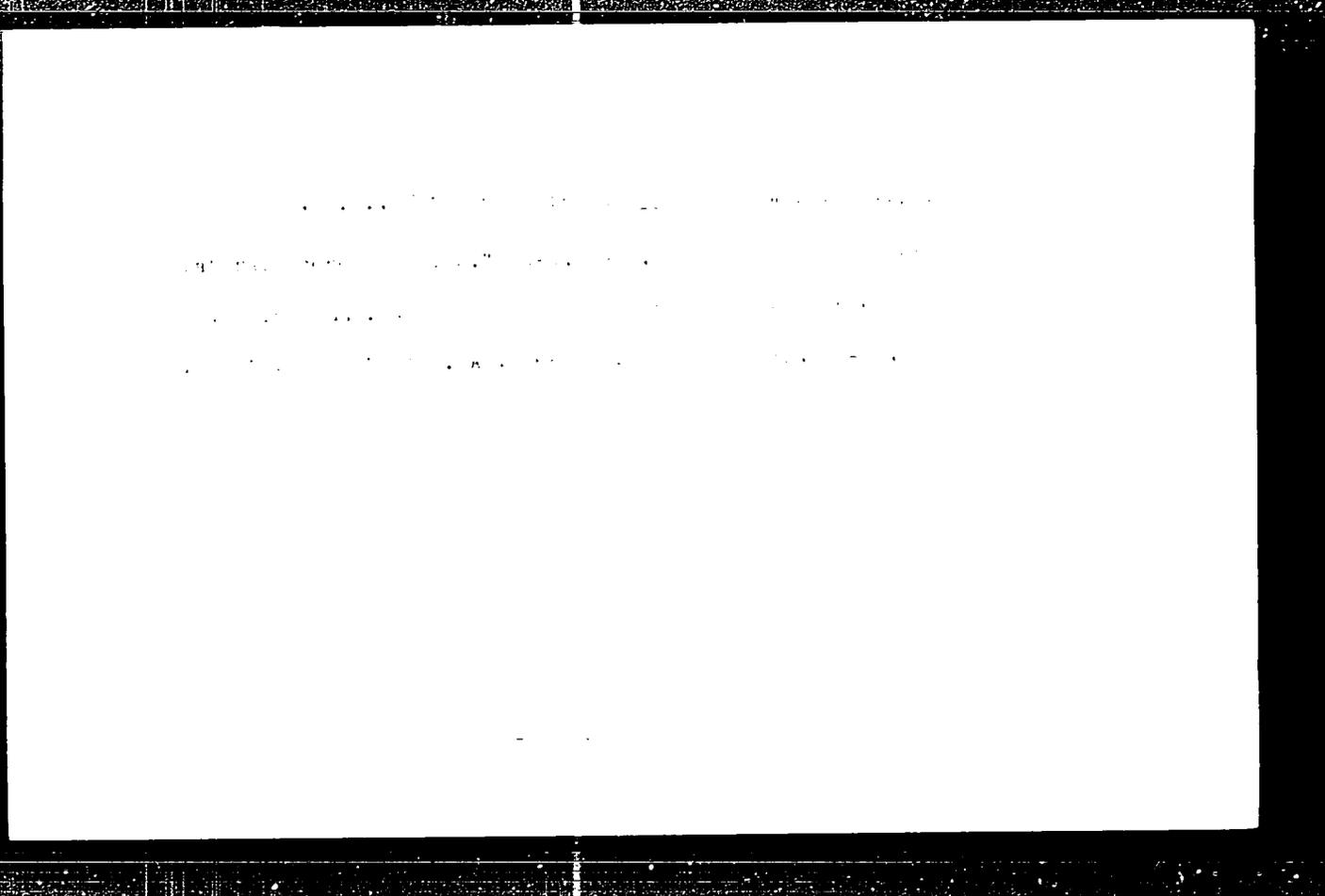
1. Yerevanskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

PETROSYAN, L.G.

~~Field distortions in lateral logging with a single-core cable.~~
Prikl. geofiz. no.20:215-220 '58. (MIRA 11:11)
(Oil well logging, Electric)

PETROSYAN, L.G.

Laterolog. Trudy Azerb. ind. inst. no.17:58-82 '57. (MIRA 11:9)
(Oil well logging, Electric)



1957, p. 1.

1. The following is a list of articles published in the journal "Geophysical Prospecting" in 1957.

1.2. In book Applied Geophysics: Collection of Articles, ed. by [unclear]
Geotekhnicheskoye, 1956, p. 100.

These articles are concerned with the methodology of interpreting the results of seismic, resistivity and electrical surveys. Review the collecting properties of logs on the basis of data obtained from resistometers and the application of charged particle accelerators in well logging.

17
Soviet Intelligence Exploitation SOV/5081

Material is to be exploited as appropriate.

Vysokaya Tekhnika (Highly Technical) (Subpart) (Highly Technical) (Section of Articles) Moscow, 1971, 10,000 copies inserted. 10,000 copies inserted.

Spetsializatsionnyy sbornik nauchno-tekhnicheskikh i politicheskikh statey iz oblasti nauki i tekhniki (Specialized Collection of Scientific and Technical and Political Articles from the Field of Science and Technology).

EI. (Title part). V. V. Rzhavinskiy, Candidate of Technical Sciences, ed. of Scientific Journal: I. I. Ioshtchenko; Tech. 1971, 10,000 copies inserted. For Literature on Gold Treatment of Metals and Machine-Tool Making: V. V. Rzhavinskiy, Engineer.

RE: This collection of articles is intended for technical personnel of machine, instrument, and tool plants.

Card 1/6